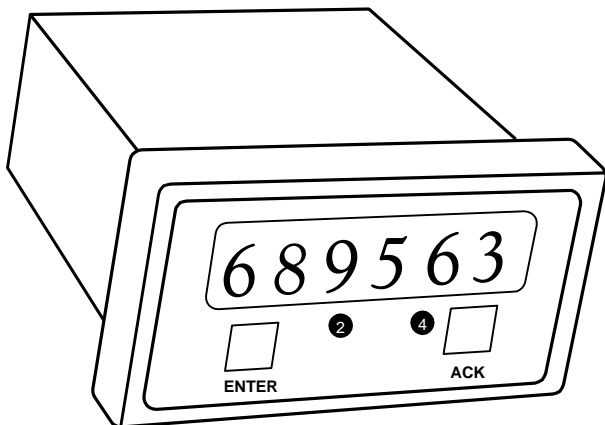


Universal Analog Input Process Meter With Rate/Totalizer/Batch Control Features **Model PD692 Instruction Manual**



- 4-20 mA, 1-5 V, 0-5 V, or 0-10 V Field Selectable Inputs
- Full Six Digit Display for Total, 4 ½Digit + Extra Zero for Process/Rate
- Display in Engineering Units; Rate per Second, Minute, Hour, or Day
- Scale Without a Calibrator
- 11 Point Calibration for Non-Linear Inputs
- Automatic Square Root and Programmable Exponent
- Low-Flow Cutoff
- NEMA 4X, Type 4X Front Panel
- 24 VDC Isolated Power Supply Standard on AC Models
- 115 or 230 VAC Power; 24 VDC Optional
- Quick Preset Change Feature for Batch Control
- Pump Alternation Control Feature
- 2 or 4 Relays and/or 4-20 mA Output Options

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INTRODUCTION

This instrument is an analog input process meter with flow rate, totalizer, and batch control capabilities housed in a 1/8 DIN high-impact plastic enclosure with a NEMA 4X front. It accepts the common process signals such as 4-20 mA, 0-5 VDC, 1-5 VDC, and 0-10 VDC and displays these signals in engineering units on a 0.56" high 4 ½digit LED display. The meter also provides one isolated 24 V power supply to drive either the input or output loops. Options include up to 4 relays for alarms or batch controlling as well as an isolated 4-20 mA transmitter output.

First Time Features

Consilium US, Inc. is committed to improving its products and this model contains several new features of interest:

- Rate Display in Units per Day, in Addition to Second, Minute, and Hour
- Programmable Set points for Latching and Non-latching Operation
- Any Set Point Programmable for Process/Rate or Total
- Quit Menu Scroll with ACK Button
- Pump Alternation Control Feature for Rate Relays
- Automatic Square Root Extraction
- Programmable Exponent for Weirs and Flumes

Typical Applications

Level:

- Sump Pump Control
- Water Tank Level
- Round Horizontal Tank Volume Measurement
- Well Draw-Down
- Lift Station Control

Flow:

- Square Root Extraction from Differential Pressure Transmitter
- Programmable Exponent for Weirs and Flumes
- Rate, Total, and Batch Control

Pressure:

- Compound Pressure
- High Pressure Alarms

Temperature:

- Heat Exchanger Display and Alarm
- Boiler Temperature Monitoring
- Gas Turbine Combustor Alarm
- Condenser Temperature Indicator

Ordering Information

115 VAC Model	230 VAC Model	24 VDC Model	Description
PD692-3-N	PD692-4-N	PD692-2-N	No Options
PD692-3-14	PD692-4-14	PD692-2-14	2 Relays
PD692-3-15	PD692-4-15	PD692-2-15	4-20 mA Out
PD692-3-16	PD692-4-16	PD692-2-16	2 Relays + 4-20 mA Out
PD692-3-17	PD692-4-17	PD692-2-17	4 Relays
PD692-3-18	PD692-4-18	PD692-2-18	4 Relays + 4-20 mA Out

Add (-G) to part number to call out meters with green display.

Example: PD692-3G-14

Safety Notice



CAUTION: Read complete instructions prior to installation and operation of the meter.



WARNING: Risk of electric shock.



Observe all safety regulations. Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all applicable national, state and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure personnel safety.

Do not use this meter to directly drive heavy equipment such as pumps, motors, valves, etc.



It is recommended to use this meter in a fail-safe system that accommodates the possibility of meter failure or power failure.



WARNING

Hazardous voltages exist within enclosure. Installation and service should be performed only by trained service personnel.



AVERTISSEMENT

Les pièces à l'intérieur du boîtier portent des tensions dangereuses. Seules des personnes qualifiées et bien entraînées devraient entreprendre l'étalonnage et la maintenance.

Disclaimer

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Specifications

Except where noted all specifications apply to operation at +25°C.

Basic Process Meter

INPUTS	Field selectable: 4-20 mA, 0-20 mA, 0-5 V, 1-5 V, 0-10 V	
DISPLAY	Six digit, 0.56" (14.2 mm) high efficiency red or green seven-segment LED Rate: -19999(0) to 29,999(0) with selectable extra zero Total: 0 to 999,999; automatic lead zero blanking	
DECIMAL POINT	Process/rate: 2.9999, 29.999, 299.99, 2999.9, or extra zero may be turned on 299990 Total: 9.99999, 99.9999, 999.999, 9999.99, 99999.9 Rate and total decimal points are independent of each other.	
CALIBRATION RANGE	4 mA (1 V) input may be set anywhere in range of the meter. 20 mA (5 V) may be set anywhere in range of the meter above or below 4 mA input. An <i>Error</i> message will appear if input 1 signal and input 2 signal are too close together.	
	Input Range	Minimum Difference Between Input 1 & Input 2
	0-5 V	0.16 V
	0-10 V	0.32 V
	4-20 mA	1.60 mA
INPUT IMPEDANCE	Voltage ranges: greater than 300 K Ω Current ranges: 100 Ω	
LOOP POWER	Isolated power supply, 24 VDC \pm 5% @ 20 mA regulated. Maximum loop resistance is 1200 Ω .	
ACCURACY	Linear input: \pm 0.05% of calibrated span \pm 1 count Root extraction: \pm 0.1% F.S. \pm 2 counts	
ROOT EXTRACTION	Square root extraction: Automatic Programmable exponent: Greater than 1.0000 and smaller than 3.0000	
11 POINT LINEARIZATION	Input Range	Minimum Span Between Inputs
	4-20 mA	(1.6 mA / (Number of points -1))
	0-5 V	(0.16 V / (Number of points -1))
	0-10 V	(0.32 V / (Number of points -1))
	e.g. Minimum span for an 11-point, 4-20 mA calibration is 0.16 mA between inputs.	

ALARM POINTS	Four, any combination of high or low alarms
ALARM POINT DEADBAND	0-100% of full scale, user selectable
ALARM STATUS INDICATION	Front panel LED
PEAK HOLD (DISPLAY PEAK)	Captures the peak process/rate and displays it via the front panel ENTER button (Dspy p)
PEAK HOLD INDICATION	Front panel flashing R LED
LOCKOUT	Jumper J3 restricts modification of calibration values.
NON-VOLATILE MEMORY	All programming values are stored in non-volatile memory for a minimum of ten years if power is lost.
POWER	AC power, 115 or 230 VAC $\pm 10\%$, 50/60 Hz, 12 VA DC Power, 18-36 VDC, 6 watts maximum
ISOLATION	AC powered: 1500 VAC; DC powered: 500 VDC
NORMAL MODE REJECTION	64 dB at 50/60 Hz
ENCLOSURE	1/8 DIN, high impact plastic, UL 94V-0
FRONT PANEL	Type 4X, NEMA 4X, Panel gasket provided
ENVIRONMENTAL	Operating temperature range: 0 to +60°C Storage temperature range: -40 to +85°C Relative humidity: 0 to 90% non-condensing
CONNECTIONS	Removable screw terminal blocks, accept 22 to 12 AWG wire
MOUNTING	1/8 DIN panel cutout required. Two panel mounting brackets provided
OVERALL DIMENSIONS	2.30 x 4.25 x 5.30 in (58 x 108 x 135 mm)
WEIGHT	Approximately 16 oz (454 g); basic model, no options
WARRANTY	1 year parts and labor

Rate/Totalizer/Batch Controller Features

RATE DISPLAY INDICATION	LED labeled R on right illuminates when meter is displaying rate or process input.
LOW-FLOW CUTOFF	Any input below the low-flow cutoff value will result in a display of zero. May be set from 1 count to 100% F.S., user selectable. To disable low-flow cutoff, program cutoff value to zero. Totalizer is based on rate display. So, inputs below the low-flow cutoff value will not affect the totalizer.
ALTERNATING DISPLAY	Display may be programmed to alternate between rate and total every 10 seconds.
TOTAL DISPLAY	0 to 999,999; automatic lead zero blanking
TOTAL DECIMAL POINT	May be set in any of the following positions: 9.99999, 99.9999, 999.999, 9999.99, or 99999.9 Total decimal point is independent of process/rate decimal point.
TOTALIZER	Calculates total based on rate and field programmable multiplier to display total in engineering units. Time base must be selected according to time units in which rate is displayed.
TOTALIZER ROLLOVER	Totalizer rolls over when display exceeds 999,999. Relay status reflects display.
TOTALIZER PRESETS	Up to four, user selectable under setup menu Setup . Any set point can be assigned to total and may be programmed anywhere in the range of the meter.
PRESET OFFSET	Relays assigned to total can be programmed to trip at any point below the next relay's preset value.
PROGRAMMABLE DELAY ON RELEASE	If the meter is programmed to reset total to zero automatically when the highest preset is reached, then a delay will occur before the total relays reset. This delay can be programmed anywhere between 1 and 999 seconds.
PRIORITY BATCH PROGRAMMING	This feature allows the user to quickly change preset values without going into the main menu by holding the ENTER button for more than 3 seconds.
TOTAL RESET	Via front panel ENTER button, external contact closure, or automatically via user selectable preset value.
TOTAL RESET LOCKOUT	Meter may be programmed so total cannot be reset from the front panel.

Options

Relays	
RATING	2 or 4 SPDT (form C); rated 2 Amp @ 30 VDC or 2 Amp @ 250 VAC resistive load; $\frac{1}{14}$ HP @ 125/250 VAC for inductive loads
ASSIGNED TO PROCESS/RATE OR TOTAL	Any relay may be assigned to process/rate or total.
ELECTRICAL NOISE SUPPRESSION	A suppressor (RC network) to prolong the life of the relays should be connected to each relay contact switching inductive loads. The suppressor provides a degree of protection against electrical noise caused by inductive loads. Recommended suppressor value, 0.01 μ F/470 Ω , 250 VAC.
DEADBAND	0-100% of full scale, user selectable
HIGH OR LOW ALARM	User may program any alarm for a high or low trip point.
RELAY OPERATION	Latching or non-latching
FAIL-SAFE OPERATION	Relay coils are energized in non-alarm condition. In case of power failure, relays will go to alarm state. Fail-safe operation may be disabled, by removing jumper J2 located on the Options PCB.
AUTO INITIALIZATION	When power is applied to the meter, relays assigned to total will reflect the state of the accumulated total value in memory. Relays assigned to process/rate will reflect the state of the input to the meter.

RELAYS RESET	User select via JP3 jumper array and SetuP menu
Total relays reset	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. When total is reset to zero, if set up for external total reset2. After delay has elapsed, if set up for internal total reset3. Manual any time, if set up for external total reset (via user supplied external contact closure at terminals AK and CM or front panel ACK button) <p>Manual reset resets all manually resettable relays.</p>
Process/rate relays reset	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Automatic reset only2. Manual reset only, at any time3. Automatic plus manual reset at any time4. Manual reset only after alarm condition has been corrected <p>Automatic reset: Relays will automatically reset when the input passes the reset point.</p> <p>Manual reset: It can be performed via user supplied external contact closure at terminals AK and CM or front panel ACK button. Manual reset resets all manually resettable relays.</p>

Isolated 4-20 mA Transmitter Output

CALIBRATION RANGE	The transmitter output can be calibrated so that a 4 mA output is produced for any process/rate measured by the meter. The 20 mA output may correspond to any process/rate that is at least 501 counts greater or smaller than the process/rate corresponding to 4 mA. (Ex. 4 mA = 0, 20 mA = 501) If the span between 4 and 20 mA is less than 501 counts, an error message will appear.		
NO EQUIPMENT NEEDED	The 4-20 mA output from the meter is calibrated without the use of a calibrator.		
OUTPUT LOOP POWER	24 VDC \pm 5% @ 20 mA, regulated Maximum loop resistance is 1200 Ω . Output loop is isolated from input.		
ACCURACY	\pm 0.1% F.S., \pm 0.004 mA		
ISOLATION	500 VDC or peak AC, input-to-output or input/output-to-power line		
EXTERNAL LOOP-POWER SUPPLY	35 VDC max		
OUTPUT LOOP RESISTANCE	Power supply	Min. loop resistance	Max. loop resistance
	24 VDC	10 Ω	600 Ω
	35 VDC (external)	600 Ω	1000 Ω

Display Functions and Messages

The meter displays various functions and messages during operation and programming. The following table shows the various displayed functions and messages with their description.

Display	Parameter	Description/Comments
18888L	Low Voltage	Indicates an input voltage below specifications during power up.
-19999	Underrange	Indicates the input signal is below the negative range of the meter.
2 PtS	2 Points	Indicates number of calibration points selected (2 to 11 points can be selected).
29999	Overrange	Indicates the input signal exceeds the full-scale range of the meter.
ALtErn	Alternate	Sets any relay pair for pump alternation control.
CALib	External Calibration	Calibrates meter using a calibrated signal source.
CutoFF	Low-Flow Cutoff	Sets meter to display zero below programmed cutoff point.
Day	Day	Sets time base to display rate in units per day.
Delay	Delay	Sets delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds for internal total reset.
DIA9	Diagnostic	Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes. Setting cannot be changed under this function.
Dspy 1	Display 1	Sets display 1 calibration.
Dspy 2	Display 2	Sets display 2 calibration.
DSPy P	Display Peak	Displays the highest process/rate value captured.
DSPy r	Display Process/Rate	Sets process/rate as default display.
DSPy t	Display Total	Sets total as default display.
E rSt	External Total Reset Only	Indicates total does not reset to zero when preset value is reached.
E-CAL	External Calibration	Sets meter to calibrate using a calibrated signal source.
Error	Error	Indicates calibration was not successful.
Error1	Error 1	Indicates a combination of parameters that exceeds the totalizer capabilities.
Hour	Hour	Sets time base to display rate in units per hour.
I or e	Internal or External	Sets operation of total reset; internal or external.
I rSt	Internal Total Reset	Indicates total will reset to zero when highest preset value is reached.

Display	Parameter	Description/Comments
I-CAL	Internal Calibration	Sets meter for internal calibration to scale meter without applying an input signal.
L or r	Linear or Root	Sets meter for Linear or Root extraction Calibration/Scaling.
LatCk	Latch	Sets process/rate set points for latching or non-latching relay operation.
Linear	Linear Input	Indicates linear (L) input was selected.
min	Minute	Sets time base to display rate in units per minute.
No PtS	Number of Points	Sets meter for 2 to 11 calibration points.
OFFSET	Preset Offset	Sets preset offset value (relay n trips at a point below relay n+1 preset value).
outPut	Output	Sets the optional 4-20 mA output values.
Pro9 r	Programmable Root	Sets exponent for special root extraction used for weirs and flumes.
R or t	Rate or Total	Sets set points for process/rate or total.
Rate	Rate	Indicates set point was assigned to rate.
Rset P	Reset Peak	Erases peak value from memory and captures a new peak reading.
RSEt t	Reset Total	Resets the totalizer to zero.
SCALE	Scale	Scales meter using internal calibration for desired display (signal source not required).
SeC	Second	Sets time base to display rate in units per second.
SEt 1	Set Point 1	Sets operation and value for set point 1.
SEt 2	Set Point 2	Sets operation and value for set point 2.
SEt 3	Set Point 3	Sets operation and value for set point 3.
SEt 4	Set Point 4	Sets operation and value for set point 4.
SetPtS	Set Points	Sets alarm set /reset points and total presets (relays are optional).
Setup	Setup	Sets operation of set points for process/rate or total, latching or non-latching, etc.
SquArE	Square Root	Sets meter for Square Root extraction.
t bASE	Time Base	Sets meter with correct time unit factor (second, minute, hour, or day).
Tot CF	Totalizer Conversion Factor	Sets multiplier factor to display total in any engineering unit.
Tot dp	Total Decimal Point	Sets the decimal position for the total.
TotAL	Total	Indicates set point was assigned to total.
y or n	Yes or No	Sets selection or de-selection of various functions.

SETUP AND PROGRAMMING

Overview

Setting up and programming the meter involves three basic steps:

1. Jumper Configuration (Page 18)
 - a. Input selection and lockout jumpers
 - b. Relay acknowledge enable
 - c. Fail-safe operation of relays
2. Connections (Page 20)
 - a. Power
 - b. Input signal
 - c. Acknowledgement and reset total
 - d. Relays
 - e. 4-20 mA output
3. Programming (Page 28)
 - a. Basic meter
 - b. Process/rate meter
 - c. Totalizer
 - d. Batch controller
 - e. Relays
 - f. 4-20 mA output
 - g. Lockout and display selection

Programmed Parameter Settings

To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The ***Programmed Parameter Settings*** form located on page 84 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.

Jumper Configuration

Overview

Before programming the meter, it is necessary to configure three jumper arrays. The jumper arrays are used for setting type of input signal (4-20 mA, 0-5 V or 0-10 V); locking out the programmed settings, enable relay acknowledgement (ACK), and setting relay fail-safe operation.

Jumper Arrays Function and Location

Jumper Array Function	Label	Location	Diagram
Input Signal, Lockout	J1 J2 J3	Main PCB	Figure 1
Relay ACK Enable	JP3	Display PCB	Figure 2
Fail-Safe	J2	Options PCB	Figure 3

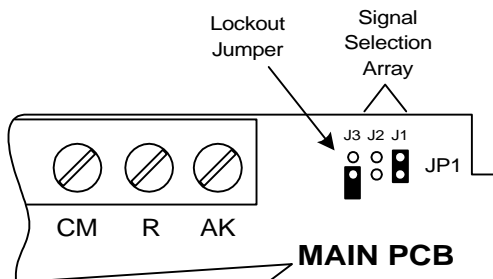


Figure 1. Input Signal Selection Jumper Array J1-J3.

Input Signal Selection and Lockout (Main PCB)

Jumper JP1 Installed	Signal	Function
No jumper	0-5 V	Sets input to 5 V
J1	4-20 mA	Sets input to 20 mA
J2	0-10 V	Sets input to 10 V
J3	LOCKOUT	Sets a lock on programming functions

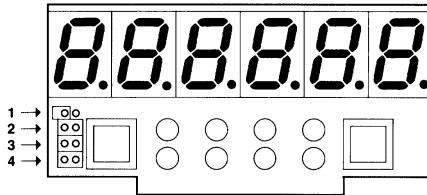
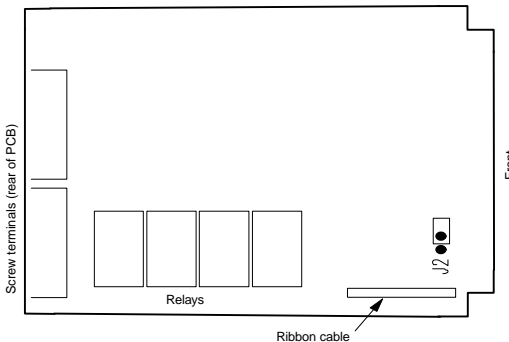


Figure 2. Relay Acknowledge Enable Jumpers

Relay Acknowledge Enable (Display PCB)

Jumper JP3 Position	Function
1	Enable relay 1 manual reset
2	Enable relay 2 manual reset
3	Enable relay 3 manual reset
4	Enable relay 4 manual reset



The fail-safe operation can be disabled by removing jumper **J2** located at the front of the Options PCB (see figure to the left). Refer to page 80 for option card removal.

Figure 3. Fail-Safe Jumper Location

Fail-Safe Operation of Relays (Options PCB)

Jumper J2 Position	Function
On	Apply fail-safe function to the relays
Off	Disable fail-safe function to the relays

Connections

Overview

The following connections are made to removable screw terminal connectors supplied with each meter:

- Power
- Input Signal
- Acknowledgement and Reset Total
- Relays
- 4-20 mA Output



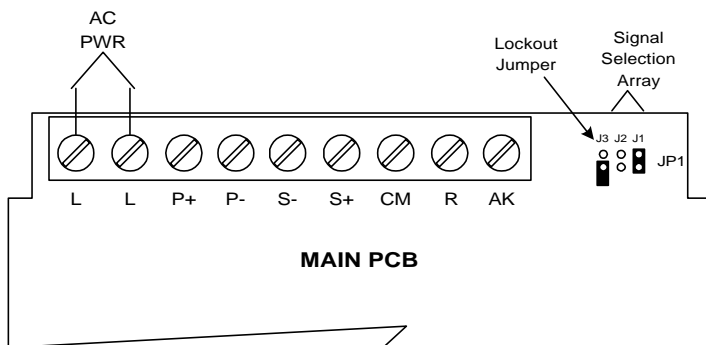
Disconnect power to the meter prior to performing the following procedures.

Wiring Instructions

Refer to Figure 4 for connectors location.

1. All field connections to be made with insulated copper wire, either solid or stranded. Tighten all screw terminals to 7 in-lb (0.8 Nm). Strip length = ¼ in (7 mm). **DO NOT** pre-treat wire with solder.
2. **Terminals L(V+), L(V-) on Main PCB connector and terminals 1-6 on J2-J3, Options PCB** : Use AWG #12-18 wire, 600 volt, 60°C. Connect only one wire to each terminal.
3. **Terminals AK, R, CM, S+, S-, P-, P+ on Main PCB and terminals +, - on Options PCB**: Use AWG #12-22 wire, 150 volt, 60°C. If using AWG #20 or smaller wire, up to two wires may be connected to each terminal. If using AWG #18 or larger wire, only one wire may be connected to each terminal.

Power and Signal Connector



**Figure 4. Power and Signal Connector Diagram
DC Model Power and Signal Connector**

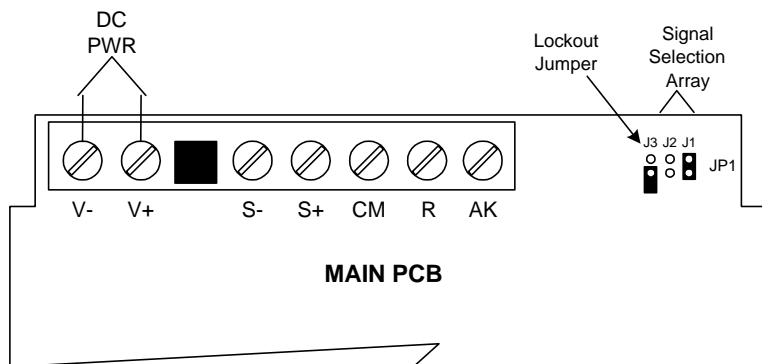


Figure 5. DC Model Power & Signal Connector Diagram

Power Connections



Disconnect power to the meter before making any connections.



Connecting 230 VAC to meters designed for 115 VAC will result in damage to the instrument as well as endanger personnel.



Do not connect power or earth ground to any unused or CM terminals.

Connect power to terminals L(V-) and L(V+) on Main PCB screw terminal connector, located at the rear of the instrument.

Notice:

- Primary voltages must not be accessible to the user.
- Primary wires must be installed in accordance to the applicable standards.
- Keep the primary wires separated from signal cables.

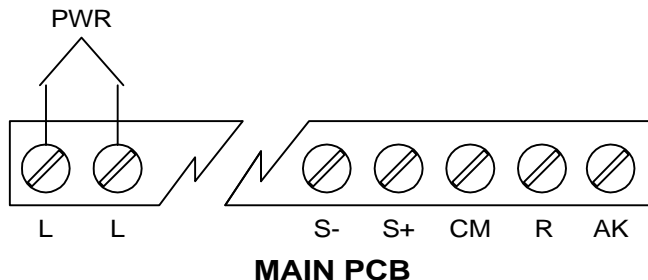


Figure 6. Input Power Connections

Signal Connections

Signal connections are made to the connector on the Main PCB. This connector also includes connections for power, acknowledgement, reset total, and common. Refer to Figure 4 for location.

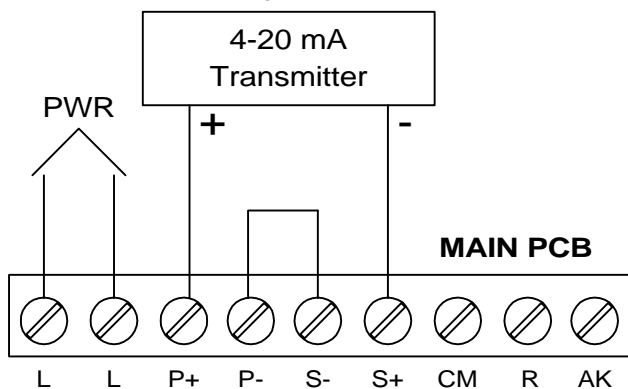


Figure 7. Two-Wire Transmitter Powered by Meter

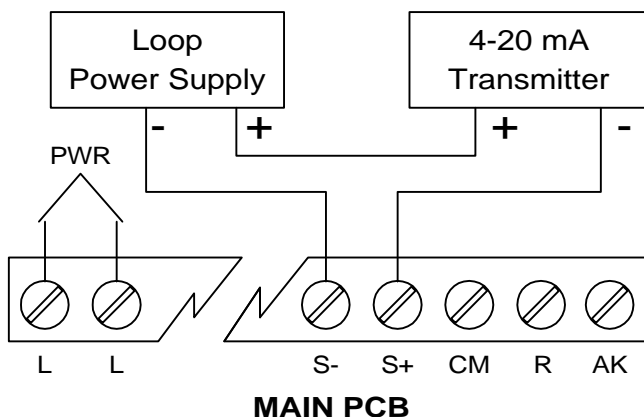


Figure 8. Two-Wire Transmitter Powered by External Supply

Acknowledgement, Reset Total Connections

Acknowledgement and reset total terminals provide a convenient method to remotely access the following functions:

Terminal	Function
AK	Acknowledges or resets relays, exit menu scroll.
R	Resets total to zero.

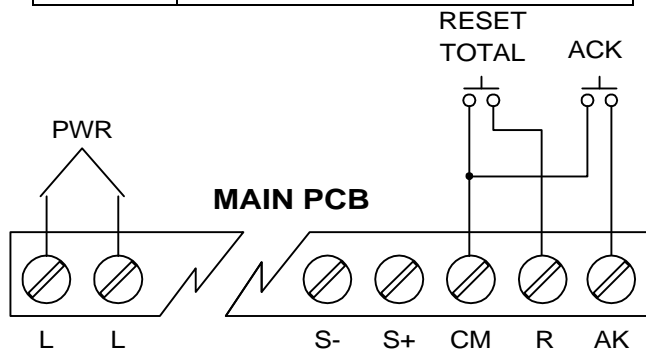


Figure 11. External Control Connections

Optional Relays and 4-20 mA Output Terminals

Depending on the model number, the Options PCB may contain 2 or 4 relays and an isolated 4-20 mA output transmitter. Relay connections are made to removable screw terminal connectors located at J2 and J3 on the Options PCB. Connections for the isolated 4-20 mA output option are made to J1 on the Options PCB.

Function	Screw Terminal Connector	Pin Number
Transmitter +	J1	1
Transmitter -	J1	2
Relay 1 Common	J2	1
Relay 1 NC	J2	2
Relay 1 NO	J2	3
Relay 2 Common	J2	4
Relay 2 NC	J2	5
Relay 2 NO	J2	6
Relay 3 Common	J3	1
Relay 3 NC	J3	2
Relay 3 NO	J3	3
Relay 4 Common	J3	4
Relay 4 NC	J3	5
Relay 4 NO	J3	6

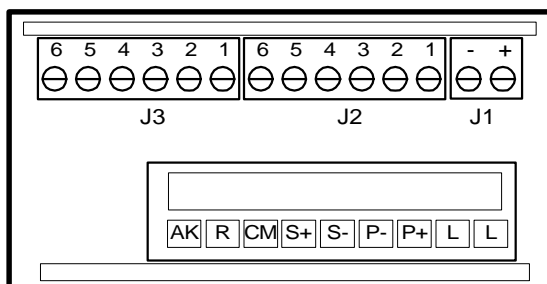


Figure 12. Rear View of Meter, Connectors Location

Isolated 4-20 mA Output Option Connections

The meter can be equipped with an isolated 4-20 mA output signal option that can be programmed to produce a 4-20 mA output for virtually any process/rate display with at least a 501 count span.

The following diagrams illustrate the 4-20 mA output signal being powered from the meter's internal power supply and by an external power supply.

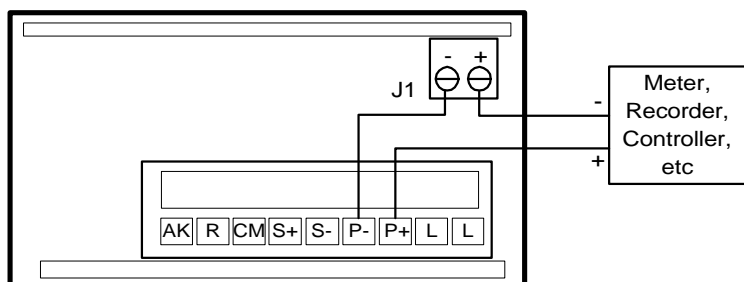


Figure 13. Output Loop Powered by Meter

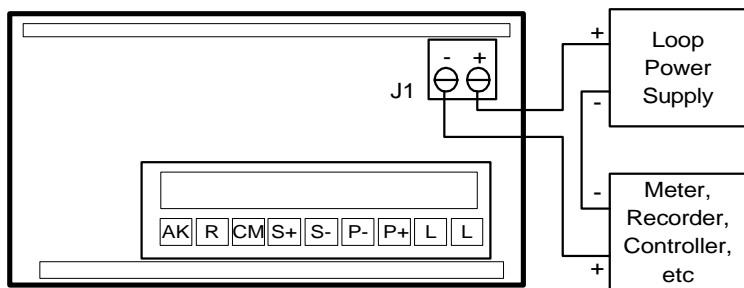


Figure 14. Output Loop Powered from External Supply



If the output loop is powered by an external supply, the loop power supply must be turned on before the meter is turned on. Otherwise, the output loop signal may be incorrect.

Programming

Overview

The meter is programmed using the **ENTER** button and three jumper arrays. The **ENTER** button is used to calibrate the meter, program various totalizer functions, and to set alarm trip and reset points. The jumper arrays are used for programming the input signal, lockout, relay acknowledge enable, and relay fail-safe operation. This section of the manual deals with programming the following aspects of the meter:

- Basic Meter
- Process/Rate Meter
- Totalizer
- Batch Controller
- Relays
- 4-20 mA Output
- Lockout and Display Selection

General Programming Description

All programming is performed using the **ENTER** button. To set up a function there are sequential steps that have to be performed. As each step progresses, either a single digit or the entire display will flash. The flashing digit, or flashing display, will be looking for acknowledgement if it is the desired digit or display. Pressing the **ENTER** button will accept the value. If the flashing display or digit is not the one desired, wait and the value will change.

Each digit will flash for 3 seconds before it starts to change, when it is accepted the next digit will flash for 3 seconds. This procedure will continue until the **ENTER** button is pressed while the desired option is flashing. As the programming progresses there will be times when a decision has to be made, an example is yes or no (**y or n**).

ENTER and ACK Functionality

The **ENTER** button is used to program the meter for various functions.

The **ACK** button is used to acknowledge the relays during operation and to quit main menu scroll during programming, diagnostic menu, and calibration.

Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions

1. If flashing display is OK, press **ENTER** to accept it, before display stops flashing.
2. If flashing display is not OK, (or if **ENTER** was not pressed in time to accept it), wait for the first digit to flash.
3. If a flashing digit is OK, press **ENTER** to accept it, before it starts to scroll.
4. If a flashing digit is not OK, (or if **ENTER** was not pressed in time to accept it) wait for digit to scroll, and press **ENTER** when OK.
5. Digits will scroll until **ENTER** is pressed. When a digit is accepted by pressing **ENTER**, next digit flashes.

The display will scroll through the following main menu functions in the order shown:

Display	Type of Function
Dspy r or Dspy t	Displays process/rate or display total.
Rset t	Resets total to zero.
Dspy p	Displays and hold peak reading.
CALib or Scale	Calibrates meter after setting it for external or internal calibration.
Cutoff	Sets low-flow cutoff point.
T base	Sets time base.
Tot Cf	Sets totalizer conversion factor.
Tot dp	Sets totalizer decimal point.
Setup	Sets set points for rate or total, latching or non-latching relays.
SetPtS	Sets alarms set/reset points and batch presets.
output	Sets 4-20 mA output values, if option is installed.
Display	Includes or excludes menu titles from scroll.
dIA9	Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes.

To quit main menu, calibration, or scaling press **ACK** while displaying main menu

item or while display is flashing **InPt n** (input n) or **dsPy n** (display n), where n is the input or display number.

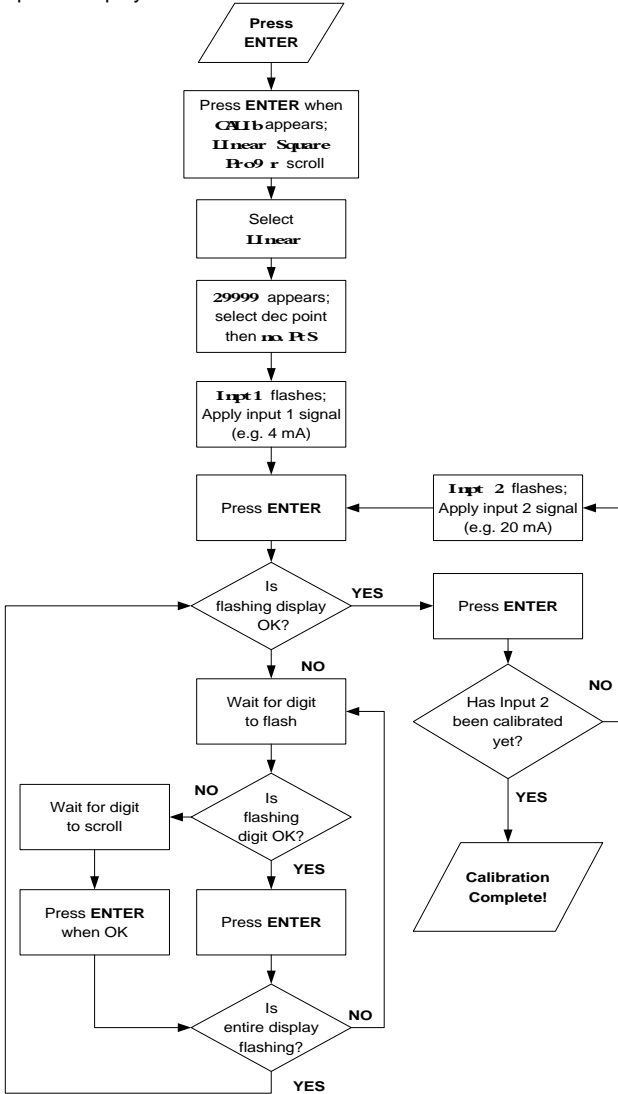


Figure 15. Two-point Calibration Flowchart

Basic Meter Programming

Overview

The meter is programmed using three jumper arrays and the **ENTER** button. The **ENTER** button is used to calibrate the meter, program various totalizer functions, and to set alarm set and reset points. The jumper arrays are used for programming the input signal, lockout, relay fail-safe operation, and relay acknowledge enable.

If the optional relay PCB is installed, it is necessary to remove the PCBs from the enclosure to program the fail-safe jumper (J2 on Options PCB).

There are four steps for programming the basic meter functions:

1. Select Input Signal
2. Select Calibration Method
3. Perform Initial Calibration if Needed
4. Calibrate or Scale the Meter

Select Input Signal

The meter can be programmed to accept all of the common process signals, such as 4-20 mA, 1-5 V, 0-5 V, and 0-10 V using jumper array J1-J3 located on the Main PCB, at the rear of the instrument.

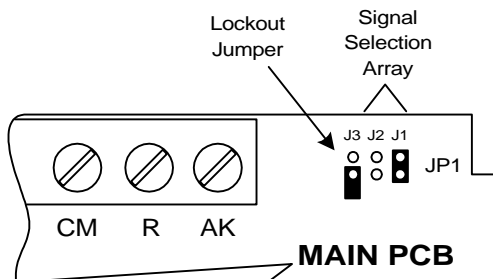


Figure 16. Input Signal Selection Jumper Array J1-J3.

Jumper Arrays Function and Location

Jumper Array Function	Label	Location	Diagram
Input Signal, Lockout	J1 J2 J3	Main PCB	Figure 1
Relay ACK Enable	J2	Display PCB	Figure 2
Fail-Safe	J2	Options PCB	Figure 3

The meter can also be programmed to restrict personnel from making changes to the meter's programming by installing a jumper over J3 pins on Main PCB. For a complete description of the

Lockout and Display Selection Programming features, see page 61.

Select Calibration Method

The meter may be calibrated using an external signal source such as a calibrator or scaled using the internal source with the **I-CAL** (internal calibration) feature. With **I-CAL**, a 4-20 mA input can be scaled for any display range without applying a signal. To scale inputs such as 0-5 V, 1-5 V or 0-10 V without applying a signal, it is necessary to first complete an Initial Calibration (see **Initial Calibration with External Source** below).

To select Calibration Method, apply power with **ACK** button pressed.

1. When display stops flashing, release **ACK** button. Display alternates between **E-CAL** and **I-CAL**.
2. To calibrate meter with an external source, such as a calibrator, press **ENTER** when **E-CAL** appears.
3. To scale meter with internal source, press **ENTER** when **I-CAL** appears.

Initial Calibration with External Source



For best results, allow the meter to warm up for at least 30 minutes. Initial calibration is required only when the **I-CAL** feature is to be used with an input other than the default 4-20 mA range or it is time for re-calibration.

1. Make sure the jumpers on J1-J2, are set for the desired input. (See Figure 16).
2. Apply power with **ENTER** and **ACK** buttons pressed. Release when display stops flashing.
3. The meter scrolls through the choices **sel 20**, **sel 5**, and **sel 10**, which correspond to Select input signals of 4-20 mA, 0-5 V or 1-5 V, and 0-10 V. Press **ENTER** when desired value appears.
4. The meter flashes **InPt 1**. Apply low end signal, (4 mA or 0 V), press **ENTER**.
For 1-5 V input signals calibrate meter with input 1 = 0 V, input 2 = 5 V.
5. The meter flashes **InPt 2**. Apply high end signal (20 mA, 5 V, 10 V), press **ENTER**.
6. This completes the Initial Calibration and initializes input 1 and input 2 scaling points to 4.000 & 20.000 mA, or 0.000 & 5.000 V, or 0.000 & 10.000V.

Scale or Calibrate the Meter

The meter may be scaled without applying an external signal source or calibrated by applying an external signal source.

Scale Using Internal Calibration (I-CAL)

<p>Note To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The Programmed Parameter Settings form located on page 84 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.</p>		
<p>Press ENTER, then press it again when the SCale (scale) function appears.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">SCale</div>
<p>Press ENTER, then press it again when the SCale (scale) function appears.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">SCale</div>
<p style="text-align: center;">Select calibration/scaling function</p> <p>The display will show LInEA r for linear, SquArE for square root, and Pro9 r for programmable root extraction.</p> <p>To select a function, press ENTER when desired function is displayed. The meter advances to setting the decimal point for process/rate.</p> <p>The programmable root function is used for open channel flow measurement using weirs and flumes.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 10px;">LInEA r</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 10px;">SquArE</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Pro9 r</div>
<p style="text-align: center;">Select linear input linear</p> <p>To select linear, press ENTER when LInear is displayed. The meter will now advance to setting the decimal point for process/rate.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">LInear</div>

<p>Select the number of calibration points no pts</p> <p>If ENTER is not pressed when no pts is displayed, the number of points will default to whatever was selected previously. To program the number of calibration points, press ENTER while no pts is flashing. Program number of calibration points per <i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i>, page 29.</p>	<p>No pts</p> <p>then</p> <p>2</p> <p>then</p> <p>11</p>
<p>Set the first calibration point Inpt 1</p> <p>INPT 1 (input 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the input for the first calibration point. Press ENTER</p>	<p>ENTER</p> <p>Inpt 1</p>
<p>Set the input for the first calibration point</p> <p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. For instructions, see <i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i>, page 29.</p>	<p>04.000</p> <p>then</p> <p>04.001</p> <p>final input 1</p> <p>04.003</p>
<p>Set the display for the first calibration point Dspy 1.</p> <p>Dspy 1 (display 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the display for the first calibration point. Press ENTER.</p>	<p>ENTER</p> <p>Dspy 1</p>
<p>Program the display for Dspy 1 (display 1) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>	<p>00.000</p> <p>final display 1</p> <p>02.500</p>



To quit main menu, calibration, or scaling press **ACK** while displaying main menu item or while display is flashing **InPt n** (input n) or **dspy n** (display n), where n is the input or display number.

Minimum Input Span (Error Message)

The calibration input signals must be within the range of the meter and input 2 must be greater than input 1. However, the display for input 2 does not have to be greater than the desired display for input 1.





If input 1 signal and input 2 signal are too close together an **Error** message will appear and the display will return to the current input to be calibrated. To terminate calibration process press ACK button.

Input Range	Minimum Difference Between Input 1 & Input 2
0-5 V	0.16 V
0-10 V	0.32 V
4-20 mA	1.60 mA

<p>Set the second calibration point Inpt 2</p> <p>INPT 2 (input 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the input for the second calibration point. Press ENTER.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">Inpt 2</div>
<p>Set the input for the second calibration point.</p> <p>Program the display for INPT 2 (input 2) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">20.000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">20.003</div>	
<p>Set the display for the second calibration point dspy 2</p> <p>Dspy 2 (display 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the display for the second calibration point. Press ENTER.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">DSPY 2</div>
<p>Program the display for Dspy 2 (display 2) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">10.000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final display 2</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">05.000</div>	
<p>Set the display for the remaining calibration points, if selected.</p>		

<p style="text-align: center;">Select square root Square</p> <p>To select square root, press ENTER when function is displayed. The meter will now advance to setting the decimal point.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">Square</div>
<p>Error! Reference source not found.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">2999.9</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">29.999</div>
<p>Follow programming procedure outline for 2 point linear input calibration, see page 35.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">Inpt 1</div>


<p style="text-align: center;">Select programmable root Pro9 r</p> <p>To select programmable root, press ENTER when function is displayed. The meter will now advance to setting the exponent value.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">Pro9 r</div>
<p style="text-align: center;">Program exponent</p> <p>Program exponent value. Exponent value must be greater than 1 and smaller than 3. Exponent decimal point is fixed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">1.6070</div>
<p>Error! Reference source not found.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">2999.9</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">29.999</div>



<p>Set the first calibration point Inpt 1</p> <p>INPT 1 (input 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the input for the first calibration point. Press ENTER</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Inpt 1</div>
<p>Set the input for the first calibration point</p> <p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Set input 1 value. Input 1 value must be the signal value at which the calculated flow rate is equal to zero.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">04.000</div>
<p>Set the display for first calibration point Dspy 1</p> <p>Dspy 1 (display 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the display for the first calibration point. Press ENTER.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Dspy 1</div>
<p>Program display 1 value. Display 1 must be set to zero for accurate root extraction calculation.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">00.000</div>
<p>Set the second calibration point Inpt 2</p> <p>INPT 2 (input 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the input for the second calibration point. Press ENTER.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Inpt 2</div>
<p>Set the input for the second calibration point.</p> <p>Program input 2 value as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">20.000</div>
<p>Set the display for second calibration point dspy 2</p> <p>Dspy 2 (display 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the display for second calibration point. Press ENTER.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">DSPY 2</div>
<p>Program display 2 value. Display 2 must be set to the flow rate at the maximum head of the weir or flume.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">187.02</div>

Programmable exponent function described above for **scale** menu applies to **calibrate** menu as well.

To quit main menu, calibration, or scaling press **ACK** while displaying main menu item or while display is flashing **InPt n** (input n) or **dspy n** (display n), where n is the input or display number.

Calibrate Using External Calibration (E-CAL)

<p>Note To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The Programmed Parameter Settings form located on page 84 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.</p>	
<p>Press ENTER, then press it again when the CalIb (Calibrate) function appears.</p>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 10px;">ENTER</div>  <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-left: 10px;">CalIb</div> </div>
<p style="text-align: center;">Select calibration/scaling function</p> <p>The display will show LInEAR for linear, SquARe for square root, and Pro9 r for programmable root extraction.</p> <p>To select a function, press ENTER when desired function is displayed. The meter advances to setting the decimal point for process/rate.</p> <p>The programmable root function is used for open channel flow measurement using weirs and flumes.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">LInEAR</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">SquARe</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">Pro9 r</div>
<p style="text-align: center;">Select linear input linear</p> <p>To select linear, press ENTER when LInear is displayed. The meter will now advance to setting the decimal point for process/rate.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">LInear</div>
<p>Error! Reference source not found.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">2999.9</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">299990</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">29.999</div>
<p style="text-align: center;">Select the number of calibration points no pts</p> <p>If ENTER is not pressed when no pts is displayed, the number of points will default to whatever was selected previously. To program the number of calibration points, press ENTER while no pts is flashing. Program number of calibration points per Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 29.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">No pts</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center; margin-bottom: 5px;">2</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">11</div>

<p>Apply the signal for the first calibration point Inpt 1</p> <p>INPT 1 (input 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to accept a signal for the first calibration point. Apply the desired signal, typically 4 mA, and press ENTER.</p>		<input type="text" value="Inpt 1"/>
<p>Set the display for the first calibration point</p> <p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program display value per <i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i>, page 29.</p>		<input type="text" value="-0.000"/> then <input type="text" value="01.000"/> final <input type="text" value="03.000"/>
<p>Apply signal for the second calibration point Inpt 2</p> <p>INPT 2 (input 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to accept a signal for the second calibration point. Apply the desired signal, typically 20 mA, and press ENTER.</p>		<input type="text" value="Inpt 2"/>
<p>Set the display for the second calibration point</p> <p>Program the display as described above when the display for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>		<input type="text" value="-0.000"/> final display <input type="text" value="12.000"/>
<p>Set the display for the remaining calibration points, if selected.</p>		

If an error message is displayed during calibration, refer *Minimum Input Span (Error Message)*, page 36.

Round Horizontal Tank 10-point Calibration Table

Number of Points: 10; Maximum Error: 0.3% F.S.		
Input	mA	Display (% Volume)
1	4.00	0.00
2	4.80	1.80
3	6.00	7.20
4	7.20	14.20
5	9.20	28.10
6	14.80	71.80
7	16.80	85.80
8	18.00	92.80
9	19.20	98.10
10	20.00	100.00

Round Horizontal Tank 8-point Calibration Table

Number of Points: 8; Maximum Error: 0.5% F.S.		
Input	mA	Display (% Volume)
1	4.00	0.00
2	4.80	1.90
3	6.40	9.50
4	8.40	22.40
5	15.60	77.70
6	17.60	90.50
7	19.20	98.10
8	20.00	100.00

Calibration Error (error)

A meter display of **Error** during calibration indicates that the calibration process was not successful. The meter should be recalibrated.

The **Error** message will appear if input 1 signal and input 2 signal are too close together. Refer to **Minimum Input Span (Error Message)**, page 36.

The **Error** message will appear if input 1 signal is inadvertently also applied for input 2 calibration, or **ENTER** is pressed before applying input 2.



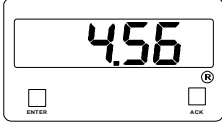
Rate Meter Programming

Overview

The meter can also be used to display flow rate. In addition to the scaling and calibration procedures described above, the only setup required for this type of application is setting the meter to display rate, and programming the low-flow cutoff if required.

Set Display to Rate (dSPy r)


The user may select either process/rate or total to be set as the default displayed reading. When displaying process/rate, the process/rate LED indicator will be illuminated.

<p>To change the display from reading total to rate</p> <p>Press ENTER to begin scrolling through the functions.</p>	
<p>When dspy r (display rate) appears, press ENTER.</p>	
<p>The meter now displays rate and the green R LED on the right side is illuminated.</p>	

Low-Flow Cutoff Programming (Cutoff)

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that the often unsteady output from a differential pressure transmitter, at low flow rates, always displays zero on the meter.

The totalizer in the meter accumulates based on the rate display. This means that when the rate display is zero, even as a result of the low-flow cutoff, the totalizer will not accumulate.

<p>To set the low-flow cutoff point Cutoff Press ENTER, then press it again when Cutoff (low-flow cutoff) appears.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">Cutoff</div>
<p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program low-flow cutoff value per Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 29. NOTE: To disable low-flow cutoff, reprogram the value to zero.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">-19.999</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">01.000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">01.500</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">01.520</div>

Totalizer Programming

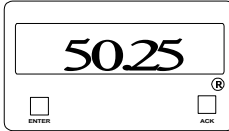


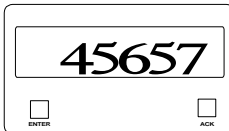
Overview

The meter can also be used to display total flow. There are five functions to be programmed to allow the meter to act as a flow totalizer:

1. Set display to total
2. Set rate time base
3. Set totalizer conversion factor
4. Set totalizer decimal point
5. Set alternating display (if needed)


Set Display for Total (dSPy t)

The user may select either process/rate or total to be set as the default displayed reading. When displaying process/rate, the green process/rate LED indicator will be illuminated.

<p>To change the display from reading rate to total</p> <p>The meter is now displaying rate, as indicated by the green LED illuminated on the right side of the display. Press ENTER to begin scrolling through the functions.</p>	
<p>When dspy t (display total) appears, press ENTER.</p>	 
<p>The meter now displays total.</p>	

Set Rate Time Base (t baSE)

To act as a totalizer, the meter must be programmed with the same time base as the flow transmitter. The time base is the time units in which the rate is displayed. For example, if the rate is in gallons per hour then the time base must be set to **kour**.


<p>To set the time base t base</p> <p>Press ENTER, then press it again when the t baSE (time base) function appears.</p>		<p>T base</p>
<p>The different units of time will scroll: minute, hour, day, second. Press ENTER when the required unit is displayed.</p>		<p>min</p> <p>or</p> <p>Hour</p> <p>or</p> <p>Day</p> <p>or</p> <p>seC</p>

Set Totalizer Conversion Factor (tot CF)

The totalizer conversion factor is a number that is multiplied by the rate to compute the total. For example, if the rate display is gallons per hour and total is desired in barrels, (1 gallon = .02381 barrels) a total conversion factor of .02381 should be used. If the rate display is gallons per hour and total is desired in gallons, a factor of 1 should be used.


The factor has a selectable decimal point. Because the decimal point is mathematically significant, values such as 1.0000, 1.0, and 1 produce identical results. However, values such as 1.1111, 1.1, and 1 produce different results. The decimal point should be set so as to produce the best resolution for the application. The maximum value for the totalizer conversion factor depends upon the decimal point selection.

Number of Decimal Places	Maximum Conversion Factor
0	59999
1	5999.9
2	599.99
3	59.999
4	5.9999
5	.59999

<p>Set totalizer conversion factor tot Cf Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the Tot Cf (totalizer conversion factor) function appears.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">Tot Cf</div>
<p>Set the totalizer conversion factor decimal point Immediately after tot Cf is selected, the display will show six numbers. After three seconds, the decimal point will begin to scroll. Select the desired decimal point location by pressing ENTER when the decimal point is in the desired location. If no decimal point is required press ENTER when the decimal point is not shown.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">99999.9</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">999999</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">9.99999</div>	
<p>Set the conversion factor value Once the decimal point has been selected, the entire display will flash for three seconds. For instructions, see Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 29.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">0.01000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">0.02000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">0.02381</div>	





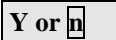


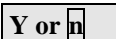
Set Totalizer Decimal Point (tot dp)

The totalizer decimal point may be set independently of the rate decimal point. For instance, it is possible to have a rate decimal point set at 2999.9 and a totalizer decimal point set at 999.999.

<p>Set totalizer decimal point tot dp Press ENTER, then press it again when the tot dp (totalizer decimal point) function appears.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">Tot dp</div>
<p>Select the desired decimal point location by pressing ENTER when the decimal point is in the desired location. If no decimal point is required press ENTER when the decimal point is not shown.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">99999.9</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">9999.99</div>	

Set Alternating Total/Rate Display

The display may be programmed to automatically toggle between rate and total every ten seconds. The alternating display is set up by selecting **n** (no) for both **dSPY r** (display rate) and **dSPY t** (display total) under Display Selection (dSPLAy), page 62.

<p>Set alternating total/rate display</p> <p>Press ENTER, then press it again when dsply (display) function appears.</p>		
<p>Press ENTER when DSPY r (display rate) appears</p>		
<p>Y or n (yes or no) will flash alternately. Press ENTER when n (no) appears.</p>		
<p>Press ENTER when DSPY t (display total) appears</p>		
<p>Y or n (yes or no) will flash alternately. Press ENTER when n appears.</p>		
<p>NOTE: Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.</p>		

This completes calibration and setup of the Basic Meter and Totalizer.

Parameter Combinations Resulting in error1 Message

Certain extreme combinations of parameter selections may exceed the totalizer range of the meter. If this occurs, the meter will momentarily display **Error 1** immediately after a programming operation. Steps to correct this situation are:

Increase the number of decimal places in rate or totalizer conversion factor, or

Decrease the number of decimal places in total, or

Increase the time base from second to minute, minute to hour or hour to day.

Set Point Setup and Programming

Overview

The meter is available with 4 alarm points and corresponding front panel status LEDs as a standard feature. The front panel LEDs are useful for alarm applications that require visual notification only. For applications that require relay contacts, such as driving external alarm devices or batch controlling, the meter can be equipped with either two or four relays. Any of these relays may be assigned to process/rate or total.

Programming the relays involves four steps:

1. Setting the relay manual reset (ACK enable) jumpers:
These jumpers (JP3) are located on the Display PCB and determine if a relay can be manually reset.
2. Setting the fail-safe jumper (J2):
Fail-safe mode (default): In the alarm condition, the normally closed (NC) contacts are connected to the common (C) contacts of the relays. The fail-safe operation can be disabled, by removing jumper J2 located on the Options PCB.
3. Setting set point functions using setup (**SETUP**) menu:
 - a. Selecting set points for process/rate or total.
 - b. Selecting latching or non-latching relay action for process/rate set points.
 - c. Selecting preset offset for total set points.
 - d. Selecting internal or external (**I or E**) total reset for batch control applications.
 - e. Programming delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds if internal total reset (**I**) has been selected.
 - f. Selecting pump alternation control feature for non-latching relays.
4. Programming set, reset, preset, offset, and delay values using the set points (**SEtPtS**) menu:
 - a. Set and reset points for alarms (set points) assigned to process/rate (thus determining high or low alarm status and deadband).
 - b. Preset values for set points assigned to total.
 - c. Preset offset values for set points assigned to total with offset selected.

Set Relays for Manual or Automatic Reset

Jumper array JP3 located on the Display PCB is used to program the relays so they can be reset manually. This jumper array, in combination with **SETUP** functions of latching or non-latching for process/rate and internal or external total reset, provide multiple relay reset modes:

Relays Assigned to Total		
Type of reset	JP3 Jumper Position	SETuP Menu
Automatic after delay elapses	N/A	Internal (I)
Automatic when total resets to zero + manual any time	On	External (E)

Relays Assigned to Rate		
Type of reset	JP3 Jumper Position	SETuP Menu
Automatic only after passing reset point	Off	Non-latching
Automatic + manual at any time	On	Non-latching
Manual only at any time	On	Latching
Manual only after passing reset point	Off	Latching

Set Relays for Fail-Safe Operation

In the fail-safe mode, the relay coils are *energized* and the Normally Open (NO) contacts are connected to the Common (C) contacts under normal operation. During an alarm condition, the relay coils are *de-energized*, the Normally Closed (NC) contacts are connected to the Common (C) contacts. During a power failure the relay contacts reflect an alarm condition.

Removing jumper J2 disables the fail-safe operation. Jumper J2 is located on the Options PCB, See Figure 4 on page 21. If fail-safe mode is disabled, the operation of the relay contacts is opposite to the one described in the previous paragraph.

Assigning Set Points to Process/Rate or Total (setup)

The optional relays can be assigned to respond to the process/rate or the accumulated total using the **setup** function. Process/rate relays may be set for latching or non-latching operation. Total relays may be programmed for manual or automatic reset after a programmable delay on release of between 1 and 999 seconds has elapsed. Delay on release is available when internal total reset is selected. The internal total reset function is applied to the highest programmed preset value.

The **Setup** menu is used to program the following:

1. Selecting a set point for process/rate or total

Any set point can be set up so it responds to the process/rate or total display.

2. Latching or non-latching relay action for process/rate set points

Any process/rate set point can be set up so it functions as a latching or non-latching relay. In latching mode, the relay must be reset via the front panel ACK button or an external switch wired across terminals AK and CM at connector on the Main PCB.

3. Internal or external total reset effect on total relays

If internal total reset is selected, the total resets to zero when the highest preset value is reached. All relays assigned to total will automatically reset after the delay on release elapses, allowing a new batch to begin.

If external total reset is selected, relays must be reset manually. total relays also reset when total is reset to zero.

4. Preset offset for total set points

Relays assigned to total can be programmed to trip at any point below the next relay's preset value. If preset offset mode is selected the corresponding relay will always trip at a programmed offset value before the next relay trips. When an offset value is being programmed, the corresponding status LED flashes.

Example: Set point 1 and 2 are set up for total, with offset selected (under set point 2). If the preset offset is set at 10, (during Set points programming for set point 1), then relay 1 will trip 10 counts before relay 2.


5. Program delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds if internal total reset has been selected.



If internal total reset is selected, the total is automatically reset to zero when the highest preset is reached, then a delay will occur before all total relays reset automatically. The delay can be programmed anywhere between 1 and 999 seconds. Once the delay has started, the ACK button becomes inoperative for all total relays until the delay has elapsed.

6. Set up process/rate relays for pump alternation control.

A pair of relays can be set up to alternate every time an on/off pump cycle is completed. Set points and reset points can be programmed, so that first pump on is the first pump off.

Rate or Total, Latching or Non-Latching Relays (Setup)



<p>Note To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The Programmed Parameter Settings form located on page 84 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.</p>		
<p>Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the Setup (setup) function appears</p>		<p>Setup</p>
<p>To set up set points</p> <p>SEt 1 (set point 1) will be displayed. Press ENTER to program set point 1 or wait and the display will move to the next set point. When SEt 4 (set point 4) is shown, the meter will exit the Setup (setup) menu and move to the next programming menu.</p>		<p>SEt 1</p> <p>then</p> <p>SEt 2</p> <p>then</p> <p>SEt 3</p> <p>then</p> <p>SEt 4</p> <p>then</p> <p>I or E</p>


<p>If ENTER is pressed while SEt 1 (set point 1) is shown, the display will then show r or t (process/rate or total) flashing alternately.</p> <p>Select the desired one by pressing ENTER when it is flashing.</p>		<p>SEt 1</p> <p>then</p> <p>R or t</p>
<p>Select process/rate</p> <p>After selecting r for process/rate, the display will show LatCH (latching). Press ENTER to program this function. If ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function will remain programmed as it was before, and the next set point will be displayed.</p>		<p>R or t</p> <p>then</p> <p>LatCh</p> <p>then</p> <p>SEt 2</p>
<p>If ENTER is pressed while the display reads LatCH, then Y or n (yes or no) will flash alternately. To program this set point for latching relay, press ENTER when Y is flashing. To program this set point for non-latching relay, press ENTER when n is flashing. After making the selection, setup of this set point is complete and the next set point will be displayed. After set point 4 is shown the meter will exit the Setup menu.</p>		<p>R or t</p> <p>then</p> <p>LatCH</p> <p>then</p> <p>y or n</p> <p>then</p> <p>SEt 2</p>
<p>Select total</p> <p>After selecting t for total, the display will show Set 2 (set point 2), press ENTER to set up set point 2 or wait and the display will move to the next set point.</p>		<p>R or t</p> <p>then</p> <p>SEt 2</p>

Programming the Second Set Point

The only potential difference between the way set point 2 is programmed from the way set point 1 was programmed is if set point 1 was assigned to total. If set point 1 was assigned to total, and set point 2 is also assigned to total, then the user may select offset mode after setting set point 2 for total. The offset value will be programmed during set point 1 (**SEtPtS**) programming and it corresponds to the value at

which relay 1 trips before relay 2 trips. This feature is useful for some batch control applications.


<p>If ENTER is pressed while Set 2 (set point 2) is shown, the display will then show r or t (process/rate or total) flashing alternately. Select the desired one by pressing ENTER when it is flashing.</p>		<p>SEt 2</p> <p>then</p> <p>r or t</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Select process/rate r</p> <p>After selecting r for process/rate, the display will show LatCH (latching). Press ENTER to program this function. If ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function will remain programmed as it was before, and the next set point will be displayed.</p>		<p>R or t</p> <p>then</p> <p>LatCk</p> <p>then</p> <p>SEt 3</p>
<p>If ENTER is pressed while the display reads LatCH, then Y or n (yes or no) will flash alternately. To program this set point for latching relay, press ENTER when Y is flashing. To program this set point for non-latching relay, press ENTER when n is flashing. After making the selection, setup of this set point is complete and the next set point will be displayed. After set point 4 is shown the meter will exit the Setup menu.</p>		<p>R or t</p> <p>then</p> <p>LatCk</p> <p>then</p> <p>Y or n</p> <p>then</p> <p>SEt 3</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Select total t when the first set point was assigned to rate r</p> <p>After selecting t for total, the display will show Set 3 (set point 3), press ENTER to set up set point 3 or wait and the display will move to the next set point.</p>		<p>R or t</p> <p>then</p> <p>Set 3</p>

<p>Select total t when the first set point was assigned to total t</p> <p>After selecting t for total for second set point, the display will show OFFSEt (preset offset) press ENTER to set up this function. If ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function will remain programmed as it was before, and the next set point will be displayed.</p>	<p>R or t</p> <p>then</p> <p>OFFSE T</p> <p>then</p> <p>Set 3</p>
<p>If ENTER is pressed while the display reads OFFSEt, then Y or N (yes or no) will flash alternately. To program this set point for preset offset, press ENTER when Y is flashing. To program this set point without preset offset, press ENTER when n is flashing. After making the selection, setup of set point 2 is complete and the next set point will be displayed. Press ENTER to set up that set point, if not, wait until desired set point is displayed or wait for the meter to exit the Setup menu completely.</p>	<p>ENTER</p>  <p>OFFSE T</p> <p>then</p> <p>Y or n</p> <p>then</p> <p>Set 3</p>
<p>Setup of the Remaining Set Points</p> <p>The remaining set points, set point 3 and set point 4 are set up in the same fashion as set point 2. They can be set up as process/rate or total set points.</p>	

Programming Internal Total Reset and Delay (DELA_y)

<p>Select internal total reset and delay</p> <p>After the last set point is set up or displayed, I or E appears, press ENTER. while I (internal) is flashing. Delay (delay) will be displayed for 3 seconds, press ENTER to program delay. For instructions, see <i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i>, page 29. This completes the Delay (delay) programming.</p>	<p>I or e</p> <p>Delay</p> <p>then</p> <p>000010</p> <p>final delay</p> <p>000600</p>
---	---

Setting Relays for Pump Alternation (ALtERn)

<p>Setting relays for pump alternation control</p> <p>At the end of the SetuP menu, the display will show ALtErn (alternate) press ENTER to set up this function. If ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function will remain programmed as it was before, and the next menu will be displayed.</p>		<p>ALtErn</p> <p>then</p> <p>SetPtS</p>
<p>If ENTER is pressed while display reads ALtErn, display changes to Alt rY, status LEDs 1-4 flash in pairs. To program relay pair to alternate, press ENTER when desired pair is flashing. To program relays for independent operation (not to alternate), press ENTER when all status LEDs are off. After making the selection, Setpts menu is displayed. Possible combinations of alternating relays: 1-2, 1-3, 1-4, 2-3, 2-4, 3-4, and none.</p> <p>Note: Only one relay pair can be set up to alternate at a time.</p>		<p>AltErn</p> <p>then</p> <p>Alt rY</p> <p>then</p> <p>Select flashing LED Pair</p> <p>then</p> <p>SetPtS</p>
<p>This completes the set points setup. The display now moves to the next programming menu SEtPtS to program the alarm set/reset and preset values. To exit main programming menu and return to reading press the ACK button.</p>		

Programming Alarm Points and Presets (SEtPtS)

Overview

The set points (SEtPtS) menu is used to program the following functions:

1. Set and reset points for alarms assigned to process/rate, thus determining high or low alarm status and deadband.
2. Preset values for set points assigned to total.
3. Preset offset values for set points assigned to total with **OFFSET** selected

Set and Reset Points for Process/Rate Alarms

The meter can be programmed so any alarm point that is assigned to process/rate can be set for a high or low alarm. In addition, any process/rate alarm point can be programmed for 0-100% deadband. A process/rate alarm is programmed for a high alarm, by programming the set point at a higher value than the reset point. Conversely, a process/rate alarm is programmed for a low alarm, by programming the set point at a lower value than the reset point.

Example: To program an alarm for a high alarm at 500, with 100 counts of deadband program set and reset points as follows:

Set point: 500

Reset point: 400

Preset Values for Total Set Points

When a set point is assigned to total, a preset value at which the relay will trip must be programmed. Unlike set points assigned to process/rate, which require a set and reset point, set points assigned to total require only a preset value. When the preset value is reached, the relay transfers. The relay can be programmed to reset automatically or manually.

Preset Offset Values for Total Set Points (OFFSET)

A preset offset value can be assigned when two adjacent set points are assigned to total and the second one has been assigned to **OFFSET** during **Setup** above. The first relay of a pair will trip at a programmed preset offset value below the second relay's preset value.

Example: If the preset offset value is set at 10 then the first relay will trip at 10 counts before the second relay trips.

In the above example the relay pair combination could be 1 & 2, 2 & 3, or 3 & 4.

Programming Alarm and Preset Values (SEtPtS)

Alarm, preset, and preset offset values are programmed under the **SEtPtS** menu, one at a time, starting with set point 1. The set points are programmed according to whether they were assigned to process/rate or total during the **setup** program. For set points assigned to process/rate, it is necessary to program both a set and reset points. For set points assigned to total, either a reset value or preset offset value needs to be programmed.

The 4 discrete LEDs labeled 1-4, on the display indicate which set point is being programmed.

For set points assigned to process/rate, there are two LEDs labeled **S** and **R** that indicate whether a set or reset point is being programmed.

When programming set points assigned to total, only one of the 4 discrete LEDs on the display will be illuminated at a time. A flashing LED indicates that a preset offset value is being programmed, a steady-on LED indicates that a preset value is being programmed.

Note To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The **Programmed Parameter Settings** form located on page 84 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.

Press **ENTER**, then press **ENTER** again when the **SEtPtS** (set points) function appears. The display will scroll through the set points, press **ENTER** when the desired set point is displayed to program that set point.



SEtPtS

If **ENTER** is pressed while **SEt 1** (set point 1) is shown, the display will then show a flashing number. Follow instructions below to program set points assigned to process/rate and set points (presets) assigned to total.



SEt 1

then

070.00

Set points assigned to process/rate

For set points assigned to process/rate during the **Setup** function, the alarm # (1,2,3, or 4) and the **S** (set point) LED will be illuminated. This indicates that the set point for alarm # (1, 2, 3, or 4) is being programmed.

Set the display for alarm # (1,2,3, or 4) set point

The entire display will flash for three seconds.
Program set point per **Five Basic Digit/Display Setting** Instructions, page 29.

070.00

then

120.00

final

125.00

Set the display for alarm # (1,2,3, or 4) reset point

As soon as the set point for alarm # (1,2,3, or 4) has been programmed, the meter displays the reset point for alarm # (1,2,3, or 4). This is indicated by the alarm # (1, 2, 3, or 4) LED and **R** (reset point) LED being illuminated. The reset point is programmed in the same fashion as the set point above.

Press **ENTER**, then press **ENTER** again when the **SetPts** (set points) function appears.

ENTER



SEtPts

Preset values for set points assigned to total without Offset

For set points that have been assigned to total without **Offset** during the **Setup** function, the preset # (1,2,3, or 4) will be illuminated. This indicates that the value for preset # (1, 2, 3, or 4) is being programmed.

Set the display for preset # (1,2,3, or 4)

The entire display will flash for three seconds.
Program preset values per **Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions**, page 29.





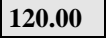

070.00

then

120.00


final

125.00

<p>Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the SetPtS (set points) function appears.</p>		
<p>Preset values for set points assigned to total with Offset</p> <p>If a set point was assigned to total with Offset during the Setup function, it means that this set point and the one before it function as a pair. That is, the first relay will always trip a specified number of counts before the second relay. This is called the preset offset value and it is programmed as the first preset in a pair of set points set up for Offset. The second value in a pair of set points set up for Offset represents the actual preset value.</p>		
<p>Set the display for preset offset and preset values</p> <p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program presets per Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 29.</p>	 <p>then</p>  <p>then</p>  <p>final</p> 	

4-20 mA Isolated Output Option Programming (output)

Programming the 4-20 mA transmitter output option for the meter does not require the use of a calibrator. The transmitter output can be calibrated so that a 4 mA output is produced for any process/rate measured by the meter. The 20 mA output may correspond to any process/rate that is at least 501 counts greater or smaller than the process/rate corresponding to 4 mA. (Ex. 4 mA = 0, 20 mA = 501) If the span between 4 and 20 mA is less than 501 counts, an **error** message will appear and the previously programmed values will be retained in memory until a new set of values is accepted.

Press ENTER , then press ENTER again when the Output menu appears		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">output</div>
<p>Set the display for value at which 4 mA is produced</p> <p>The green LED labeled “4” will be on indicating the meter is ready to accept the value at which 4 mA is produced.</p> <p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program display value corresponding to 4 mA output per <i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i>, page 29.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">00000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">00032</div>	
<p>Set the display for value at which 20 mA is produced</p> <p>The green LED labeled “20” will now be on indicating the meter is ready to accept the value at which 20 mA is produced. Program this value in the same fashion as it was done above.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">10000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">01450</div>	

4-20 mA Output Programming Confirmation

The values that have been programmed to produce the 4 and 20 mA outputs can be quickly checked to make sure they are the desired values. To do this, access the **outPut** routine by pressing **ENTER**, and then pressing **ENTER** again when **outPut** appears. Note display values when “4” and “20” LEDs are on and press **ENTER** before the display stops flashing.

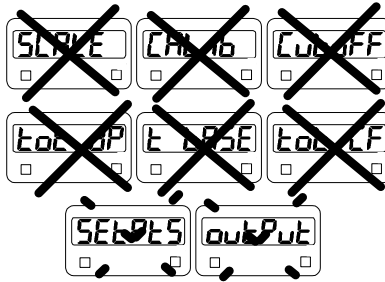
Lockout and Display Selection Programming

Overview

The meter provides the user with the ability to restrict modification of programming values and to exclude menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. Restricting modification of the programming values is accomplished by installing the lockout jumper (J3). Excluding menu titles from the menu scroll is performed with the **dSPLAy** menu.

Lockout

The lockout jumper is used to restrict modification of calibration and programming values. It is labeled J3, and it is located at the rear of the Main PCB. When **ENTER** is pressed with the lockout jumper in place, **S**cale, **CalIb**, **Cutoff**, **S**cale, **CalIb**, **Cutoff**, **T**base, **Tot Cf**, and **Tot dP** do not appear during the menu scroll, and thus cannot be modified.



SetPtS menu title always appears. Ability to change values may be restricted.

outPut menu title appears only if 4-20 mA output option is installed.

Figure 17. Functions Locked Out with Lockout Jumper

Notes:

1. The other function the lockout jumper performs is activating selections made through the **dSPLAy** menu. That is, selections made through the **dSPLAy** menu only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.
2. With the lockout jumper in place, the **SEtPtS** menu still appears. To program it so the set points, reset points or presets can only be viewed and not changed, it is necessary to set the **SEtPtS** menu in the **dSPLAy** menu to **n**. To be able to change these values, set **SEtPtS** menu in the **dSPLAy** menu to **y**.

Display Selection (dSPLAy)

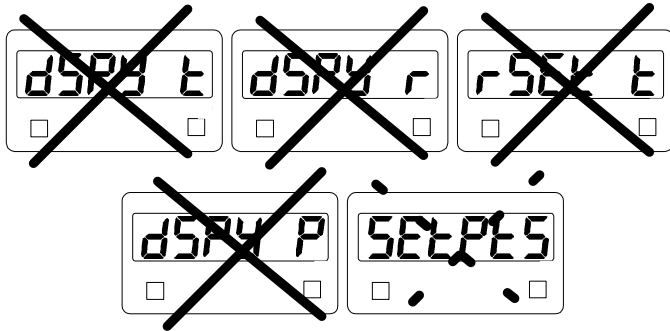
The display (**dSPLAy**) menu is used to remove menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. This feature is useful for eliminating unused menu titles from the menu scroll, making it impossible to perform certain functions, and making the display automatically toggle between process/rate and total.

For instance, the user may want to eliminate certain unused menu titles from the scroll that do not relate to a particular application such as those relating to flow totalization. The **dSPLAy** menu could be used to eliminate the **rSEt t** (reset total) and the **dSPy t** (display total) and thus streamline the menu.

A supervisor may want to make it impossible for an operator to perform certain functions, but still allow himself to do them without having to remember passwords or remove a hard-to-get-at jumper. For instance, a supervisor could program the meter with the batch presets he wants and disable the **SEtPtS** menu, thus making it impossible for a user to change the batch presets by using the **dSPLAy** menu. When the supervisor wants to change the batch presets, he can re-activate the **SEtPtS** menu and make his changes. Or a supervisor may want to make it impossible for an operator to reset the total via the front panel, but still allow himself to do it easily. This can be accomplished by removing the **rSEt t** (reset total) menu title from the menu scroll, thus making it impossible to reset the total via the front panel and then re-activating it when he wants to reset the total.

Finally the user may want to make the display automatically toggle between rate and total. This can be accomplished by setting both **dspy r** (display rate) and **dspy t** (display total) menus to **n** (no), as described below.

With the lockout jumper in place, the menu titles **dspy r**, **dspy t**, **rset t**, **dspy p**, **setpts**, **dsply**, and **output** can still be accessed. The 4-20 mA output calibration points can be viewed, but cannot be modified.




SetPtS menu title always appears. Ability to change values may be restricted.

Figure 18. Menu Titles Excluded with Dsplay Menu

Notes:

1. User may program which of these routine titles are active during operation and which ones are not. See below for instructions.
2. Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.
3. With the lockout jumper in place, the **SEtPtS** menu still appears. To program it so the set points, reset points or presets can only be viewed and not changed, it is necessary to set the **SEtPtS** menu in the **dSPly** menu to **n**. To be able to change these values, set **SEtPtS** menu in the **dSPly** menu to **y**.

Include or Exclude Menu Titles from Menu Scroll

<p>Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the Dsplay (display) function appears. The meter will now scroll through the various menu titles that can be included or excluded. To program a menu title, press ENTER when it appears.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Dsplay</div>
<p>Set menu scroll to include/exclude display rate Dspy r (display process/rate) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Dspy r</div>	
<p>Y or N (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include Dspy r in menu scroll, press ENTER when y is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when n is displayed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Y or n</div>	
<p style="text-align: center;">Set menu scroll to include/exclude display total</p> <p>Dspy t (display total) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Dspy t</div>	
<p>Y or N (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include Dspy r in menu scroll, press ENTER when y is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when n is displayed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">y or n</div>	
<p style="text-align: center;">Set menu scroll to include/exclude reset total</p> <p>Rset t (reset total) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Rset t</div>	
<p>Y or N (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include Dspy r in menu scroll, press ENTER when y is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when n is displayed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">y or n</div>	
<p style="text-align: center;">Set menu to include/exclude display peak</p> <p>dspy p (display peak) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set it. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Dspy p</div>	
<p>Y or N (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include Dspy r in menu scroll, press ENTER when y is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when n is displayed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">y or n</div>	

<p>Set menu scroll to include/exclude set points SEtPtS</p> <p>SEtPtS (set points) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">SEtPtS</div>
<p>Y or N (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include SEtPtS in menu scroll, press ENTER when y is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when n is displayed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">Y or n</div>

Notes:

1. Select **n** for both **dSPy r** and **dSPy t** to program display to toggle between rate and total every 10 seconds.
2. Selecting **y** for **SEtPtS** will allow an operator to view and change set/reset points and presets even with the lockout jumper in place.
3. Selecting **n** for **SEtPtS** will still allow an operator to view set/reset points and presets, but not to make changes.
4. Total can be reset with an external push-button even if **rSEt t** is set to **n**.

Alternating Display

Display may be programmed to toggle between rate and total every 10 seconds. The alternating display feature is programmed, by selecting **n** for both **dSPy r** and **dSPy t**, under Display Selection (dSPLAy) menu.

NOTE: Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.

Lockout jumper must be installed to see alternating display or any other display selection made.

OPERATION

Overview

This instrument is an analog input process meter with flow rate, totalizer, and batch control capabilities. It accepts the common process signals such as 4-20 mA, 0-5 VDC, 1-5 VDC, and 0-10 VDC and displays these signals in any engineering units on a 0.56" high, 4 ½digit LED display for process/rate and six full digits for total. The meter provides an isolated 24 V power supply to drive either the input or the output loop. Options include up to 4 relays for alarms or batch control applications as well as an isolated 4-20 mA transmitter output.

The front panel of the meter consists of six 0.56" high seven-segment LEDs as well as nine programming/operational LEDs. The programming/operational LEDs provide the following indication:

LED	During Programming:	During Operation:
1	Alarm 1	Alarm 1
2	Alarm 2	Alarm 2
3	Alarm 3	Alarm 3
4	Alarm 4	Alarm 4
S	Set point Indicator	None
R	Reset point Indicator	None
4	4 mA Output Indicator	None
20	20 mA Output Indicator	None
R	Rate Indicator	Rate

The four alarm status LEDs indicate alarm condition only and do not represent relay status when set points are set up for non-latching relay mode. For instance, if alarm 1 is programmed for a high alarm at 500 with manual reset of the relays and the operator resets the relays when the display reads 650, the #1 LED will stay on until the display falls below 500.

Set points set up for latching relay mode will reflect the status of the LEDs, regardless of the status of the alarm condition. For instance, when a latching relay is acknowledged the corresponding status LED will extinguish.

Two Types of Display: Process/Rate and Total

The meter also has the capability to display flow total by integrating the flow rate input. The operator may toggle back and forth between flow rate and total automatically or manually. When the meter is displaying rate, an LED labeled **R** on the right side of the front panel, illuminates to indicate this. There is no loss of data while performing any of the programming or calibration operations; the meter continues working in the background even when values are being reprogrammed.

Basic Meter Operation

Overview

In its most basic form, the meter provides a digital display in engineering units of any process variable from a transmitter, such as temperature, pressure, level, flow, etc. The meter is calibrated for the appropriate range, the output of the transmitter is connected to the meter and the meter displays the process. As a standard feature, the meter provides the power to drive either the input transmitter or the 4-20 mA output transmitter option.

ENTER and ACK Button Operation

In addition to programming the meter, the **ENTER** button is also used to operate the meter.

The **ACK** button is used to acknowledge the relays during operation and to quit main menu scroll during programming, diagnostic menu, and calibration.




The **ENTER** button performs the following operations with lockout jumper installed:

Function Displayed		Definition
DSPy r	Display Process/ Rate	Sets the process/rate as the default display
DSPy t	Display Total	Sets the total as the default display
RSEt t	Reset Total	Resets the totalizer to zero.
DSPy P	Display Peak	Displays the highest process/rate value captured
Rset P	Reset Peak	Erases peak value from memory and captures a new reading
Dsplay	Display Selection	Activates or de-activate display functions
DIA9	Diagnostic	Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes.



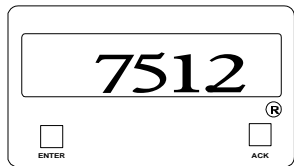
Display Peak & Reset Peak Operation (DSPy P & Rset P)

The meter captures the highest process/rate reading and displays it through the **dspy p** (display peak) menu function. The peak value may be reset using the **rset p** (reset peak) menu function.

Display Peak (Hold) Reading

<p>Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the DSPy P (display peak) menu-title appears.</p>		
<p>Meter displays peak reading The meter is now displaying the peak reading as indicated by the flashing green R LED on the right side.</p>		

Reset Peak Reading

<p>Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the Rset P (reset peak) menu-title appears.</p>		
<p>Meter returns to displaying current value The meter is now displaying the current value. The flashing green R LED on the right side has stopped flashing.</p>		

Note:

While in the **DSPy P** (display peak) mode, the meter continues capturing new peaks; but it does not respond to signals below the last peak value captured; it remains "locked" on the peak display reading. For instance, if while the meter is displaying a peak of 100, the input increases to 150, the new peak of 150 will be displayed. If the input falls down to 125 before the peak display is reset, the meter will continue displaying 150 as the peak reading.

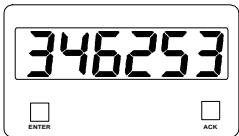

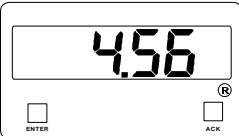
Rate Meter Operation

Overview

The meter can also be used to display flow rate and is available with a low-flow cutoff feature. Totalizer functions can be excluded from the menu scroll through the **dsply** menu function, if the user is not interested in total display.

Display Rate (dSPY r)

The user may toggle between a display of process/rate or total at any time. When displaying process/rate, the process/rate LED indicator will be illuminated. To change the display to rate:

<p>To change the display from reading total to rate</p> <p>Press ENTER to begin scrolling through the functions.</p>	
<p>When dspy r (display rate) appears, press ENTER.</p>	
<p>The meter now displays rate and the green R LED on the right side is illuminated.</p>	

Low-Flow Cutoff (CutoFF)

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that the often unsteady output from a differential pressure transmitter, at low flow rates always displays zero on the meter. For instance, if the low-flow cutoff is set at 50, any flow rate below 50 will result in a display of zero on the meter.

The totalizer in the meter accumulates based on the rate display. This means that when the rate display is zero, even as a result of the low-flow cutoff, the totalizer will not accumulate.

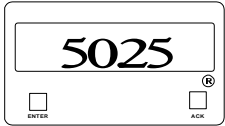

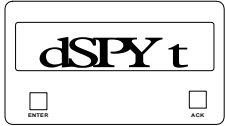
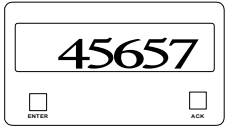
Totalizer Operation

Overview

The meter provides a display of accumulated flow total by integrating the flow rate input to the meter and multiplying this value by a user-defined totalizer conversion factor. The total is displayed on a six-digit display that is capable of reading to 999,999. When the total exceeds 999,999, the display rolls over and begins counting from zero again without losing counts. The total can be reset at any time via the front panel, via an external switch closure, or when the meter reaches the highest preset value.

Display Total (dSPY t)

The user may toggle between a display of process/rate or total at any time. When displaying process/rate, the process/rate LED indicator will be illuminated.

<p>To change the display from reading rate to total</p> <p>The meter is now displaying rate, as indicated by the green LED illuminated on the right side of the display. Press ENTER to begin scrolling through the functions.</p>		
<p>When dspy t (display total) appears, press ENTER.</p>		
<p>The meter now displays total.</p>		

Total Conversion Factor (tot CF) and Time Base (t bASE)

The total conversion factor is a number that is multiplied by the rate to compute the total. Time bases are available in second, minute, hour, and day.

Applications Using Conversion Factor and Time Base

The following tables illustrate the effect various total conversion factors and time bases have on the operation of the meter:

Application 1

Rate	Time Base	Total Conv. Factor	Total after one second	Total after one minute	Total after one hour	Total after one day
60 GPM	Min	1	1 gallon	60 gallons	360 gallons	8640 gallons

In the above application, a total conversion factor of 1 with a rate of 60 GPM results in a total of 60 gallons after 1 minute.

Application 2

Rate	Time Base	Total Conv. Factor	Total after one second	Total after one minute	Total after one hour	Total after one day
60 GPM	min	.2	.2 can	12 cans	720 cans	17280 cans

In the above application, 5 gallon paint cans are being filled and the user wants to keep track of the number of cans that have been filled, not the total gallons of paint that has been dispensed.

Application 3

Rate	Time Base	Total Conv. Factor	Total after one second	Total after one minute	Total after one hour	Total after one day
10 MGD	day	1	0.0001	.0069	0.4166	10.0000 million gls


In the above application, a wastewater treatment plant has an effluent of 10 million gallons per day. A total conversion factor of 1 and a time base of day, results in a total display of 10.0000 million gallons after one day.

Totalizer Reset

The totalizer may be reset in any of three ways:

1. Via the front panel **ENTER** button
2. External contact closure
3. Automatically via highest preset value

Resetting Total Using the ENTER Button

<p>Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the RSEt t (reset total) function appears. After ENTER is pressed, the total display resets to zero.</p>		<p>87652.0</p> <p>then</p> <p>RSEt t</p> <p>then</p> <p>0.0</p>
--	---	--

Note: It is possible to exclude the reset total function from the menu scroll. See Display Selection (dSPLeY), page 62 for details.

Resetting Total via External Contact Closure

The total may be reset at any time by closing a normally open push-button switch that is wired across terminals R and CM located on connector J1 of the Main PCB. See Figure 11 on page 25 for details. Note that this switch is still functional even if reset total function has been removed from the menu scroll.

Resetting Total Automatically via User Selectable Preset

The meter can also be programmed so the total automatically resets when the total reaches a user selectable preset value.

Relays Operation

Overview

The relay capabilities of the meter expand its usefulness beyond simple indication to provide users with alarm and control functions. These capabilities include front panel alarm status LEDs as well as either 2 or 4 optional relays. Typical applications include high or low temperature, level, pressure or flow alarms, simple control applications like sump-pump or tank-filling and automatic or manual batch controlling. There are five basic ways the relays can be used:

1. High or Low Alarms
2. Simple On/Off Control with 100% Adjustable Deadband
3. Automatic Batch Control
4. Manual Batch Control
5. Pump Alternation Control

Relays Auto Initialization

When power is applied to the meter, the front panel LEDs and alarm relays will reflect the state of the input to the meter. For instance, when meter is powered up, the following table indicates how the alarm LEDs and relays will react based on the various set and reset points:

Alarm #	HI or LO	Set point	Reset point	Power-up reading	Relay & LED
1	HI	1000	500	499	Off
2	LO	700	900	500	On
3	LO	250	400	500	Off
4	HI	450	200	500	On

Fail-Safe Operation

The following table indicates how the relays behave based on Jumper J5 being installed or not installed:

Jumper J2 on Options PCB	Fail-safe	Relay coils energized in	Power failure
On	Enabled	Non-alarm state	Relays go to alarm state
Off	Disabled	Alarm state	Relays go to non-alarm state

Front Panel LEDs

The LEDs on the front panel provide status for the following:

LED	Status
1	Alarm 1
2	Alarm 2
3	Alarm 3
4	Alarm 4

LED	Status
S	Set point Indicator
R	Reset point Indicator
4	4 mA indicator
20	20 mA indicator
R	Rate indicator

The meter is supplied with four alarm points that include front panel LEDs to indicate alarm conditions. This standard feature is particularly useful for alarm applications that require visual-only indication. The front panel LEDs are controlled by the set and reset points programmed by the user. When the display passes a set point for a particular alarm, that alarm's LED will light up. When the meter passes back through that alarm's reset point the LED will go off. The front panel LEDs respond differently for latching and non-latching relays.

For non-latching relays, the LED is always off during normal condition and always on during alarm condition, regardless of the state of the relay.

For latching relays, the alarm LEDs reflect the status of the relays, regardless of the alarm condition. The following tables illustrate how the alarm LEDs function in relation to the relays and the acknowledge button:

Latching and Non-Latching Relay Operation

Process/rate relays can be set up for latching or non-latching operation.

Relay key legend for following tables

Key	Relay condition
On	Tripped
Off	Reset
Ack	Acknowledged

The On and Off keys do not refer to the status of the relay's coil, which depends on the fail-safe mode selected.

Non-Latching Relay**Automatic reset only JP3(1-4 off)**

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack (No effect)	On	On
Normal	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic reset and non-latching relay. Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm finally goes away, the relay automatically resets and the LED also goes off.

Non-Latching Relay**Automatic + manual reset at any time JP3(1-4 on)**

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Normal	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic and manual reset at any time and non-latching relay. The LED and the relay automatically reset when the meter returned to the normal condition.

Automatic + manual reset at any time JP3(1-4 on)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack	On	Off
Normal	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is also set up for automatic and manual reset at any time. But this time, an operator acknowledges the alarm manually while it still exists. This causes the relay to reset, but the LED stays on until the meter returns to the normal condition.

Remember, for non-latching relays, the LED is always off during normal condition and always on during alarm condition, regardless of the state of the relay.

Latching Relay**Manual reset only after signal passes reset point JP3(1-4 off)**

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack (No effect)	On	On
Normal	On	On
Ack	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset only after the signal passes the reset point of the latching relay. Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm is acknowledged after it returns to the normal state, the LED and the relay go off. Notice that the LED remained on, even after the meter returned to the normal condition. This is because, for latching relays, the alarm LEDs reflect the status of the relays, regardless of the alarm condition.

Manual reset only after signal passes reset point JP3(1-4 off)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Normal	On	On
Ack	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset only after the signal passes the reset point of the latching relay. When the alarm is acknowledged after it returns to the normal state, the LED and the relay go off.

Manual reset any time JP3(1-4 on)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for Manual reset at any time. Acknowledging the alarm even if the alarm condition is still present resets the relay and turns off the LED.

Acknowledging Relays

There are two ways to acknowledge relays programmed for manual reset: via the front panel ACK button and remotely via a switch wired across AK and CM terminals on the Main PCB. When the ACK button or a switch wired across the AK and CM terminals is closed, all relays programmed for manual reset will reset.

The total display is not affected by this action and therefore pressing the ACK button or closing the acknowledge switch will not reset the total.

Delay on Release (delay)

The meter can be programmed so that when the highest preset value is reached the total automatically resets to zero (Automatic Batch Control). A delay on release can be programmed to reset the total relays after the delay has elapsed. The delay can be programmed between 1 and 999 seconds.

Example: Under the **setup** menu, relay 1 and 2 are assigned to total, **OFFSET** is not selected, internal total reset (**I**) is selected and a **delay** of 60 second is programmed. Under **SEtPtS** menu, the preset values are programmed as follows:

Set 1 (preset 1): 1000

Set 2 (preset 2): 2000

When the total reaches 1000, relay 1 transfers. The total keeps increasing until it reaches 2000; at that moment, relay 2 transfers, the total resets to zero automatically, delay on released starts. Then 60 seconds later relays 1 and 2 reset automatically and are ready to start a new batch.

Priority Batch Programming or Quick Presets

For some batch control applications it may be necessary to change the presets frequently. The meter has a Quick Preset change feature that allows all presets to be changed without entering the programming routine.

To change presets without entering the programming routine press and hold the **ENTER** button for more than 3 seconds. The meter will go immediately to the first preset; the user can now program all presets. After the last preset has been programmed the meter returns to reading the process/rate or total.

Pump Alternation Control

For pump control applications where two similar pumps are used to control the level of a tank or a well, it is desirable to have the two pumps operate alternately. This prevents excessive wear and overheating of one pump over the lack of use of the second pump.

A pair of relays can be set up to alternate every time an on/off pump cycle is completed. Set points and reset points can be programmed, so that first pump on is the first pump off.

Typical Application

Pump Alternation Setup

1. All relays are set up to respond to process/rate.
2. Relays 1 and 2 are set up to alternate.
3. Relays 3 and 4 are programmed for low and high alarm indication, respectively.

Set and Reset Point Programming

1. Set point 1 30.00 Reset point 1 10.00 Controls pump #1
2. Set point 2 35.00 Reset point 2 5.00 Controls pump #2
3. Set point 3 4.00 Reset point 3 9.00 Controls low alarm
4. Set point 4 40.00 Reset point 4 29.00 Controls high alarm

Pump Alternation Operation

1. Pump #1 turns on when level reaches 30.00, when level drops below 10.00 pump #1 turns off.
2. The next time level reaches 30.00, pump #2 turns on, when level drops below 10.00 pump #2 turns off.
3. If the level doesn't reach 35.00 pump #1 and pump #2 will be operating alternately.
4. If pump #1 can't keep the level below 35.00 pump #2 will turn on at 35.00, then as the level drops to 10.00 pump #1 turns off, pump #2 is still running and shuts off below 5.00.
5. With set and reset points of pump #2 outside the range of pump #1, first pump on is the first pump to go off. This is true for both pumps.

Switching Inductive Loads

The meter has the ability to suppress electrical noise generated by switching inductive loads. However installing resistor-capacitor (RC) networks improves performance and prolongs the life of the meter's relay contacts. This suppression can be obtained with RC networks assembled by the user or purchased as complete assemblies. Refer to the following circuits for RC network assembly and installation:

Switching AC and DC Loads

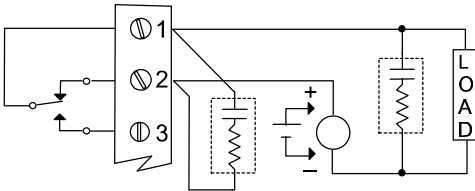


Figure 19. AC and DC Loads Protection

Choose R and C as follows

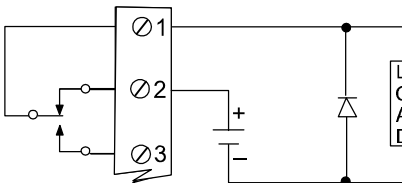
R: 0.5 to 1 Ω for each volt across the contacts

C: 0.5 to 1 μF for each amp through closed contacts

Notes:

1. Use capacitors rated for 240 VAC.
2. RC networks may affect load release time of solenoid loads, check to confirm proper operation.
3. Install the RC network at the meter's relay screw terminals. An RC network may also be installed across the load. Experiment for best results.

Switching Low Voltage DC Loads



Use a diode with a reverse breakdown voltage two to three times the circuit voltage and forward current at least as large as the load current.

Figure 20. Low Voltage DC Loads Protection

RC Networks Available from Precision Digital

RC networks are available from Precision Digital and should be applied to each relay contact switching an inductive load. Part number PDX6901.

Lockout and Display Selection Operation

Overview

The meter provides the user with the ability to restrict modification of programming values and to exclude menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. Restricting modification of the programming values is accomplished by installing the lockout jumper (J3). Excluding menu titles from the menu scroll is performed with the display menu.

Low Voltage Detector

The meter has a circuit, which monitors the line voltage. To protect against data loss the meter will shut down, after saving the total, when the voltage falls below specifications.

At power up the display normally flashes a test display of **188888** for a few seconds. If the line voltage is below specifications the meter will flash **18888L** until the problem is corrected.

Diagnostic (dIA9) Feature

Overview

The diagnostic menu in the meter provides an easy way to view and write down the parameter settings. The information gathered through the diagnostic menu will be helpful to determine if a wrong setting is causing the operation of the meter to be undesirable.

Operation

When the diagnostic menu is entered, the function and programmed parameters setting will be displayed one at a time. Press **ENTER** to step through the functions and settings. If **ENTER** is not pressed within 10 seconds, the display will move to the next function or setting. To exit the diagnostic menu press the **ACK** button at any time.

OPTION CARD REMOVAL & INSTALLATION

Meter options are installed at the factory. To disable relays' fail-safe operation, it is necessary to remove the PCBs from the case. Option cards may be ordered separately. Refer to the following instructions and illustrations.



Disconnect power prior to performing the following operations.

The meter's snap-off cover is held in place by 6 latches that snap into notches on the snap-off cover. To remove the snap-off cover from the meter, grasp it firmly on its top and bottom edges and pull it forward. The latch plate remains around the meter's case.

To remove the circuit board from the case, unscrew the two front panel retaining screws and remove the screw terminal block at the rear of the meter. Push the meter through its case by applying pressure to the circuit board at the rear of the meter. Do not apply pressure to the vertical display board.

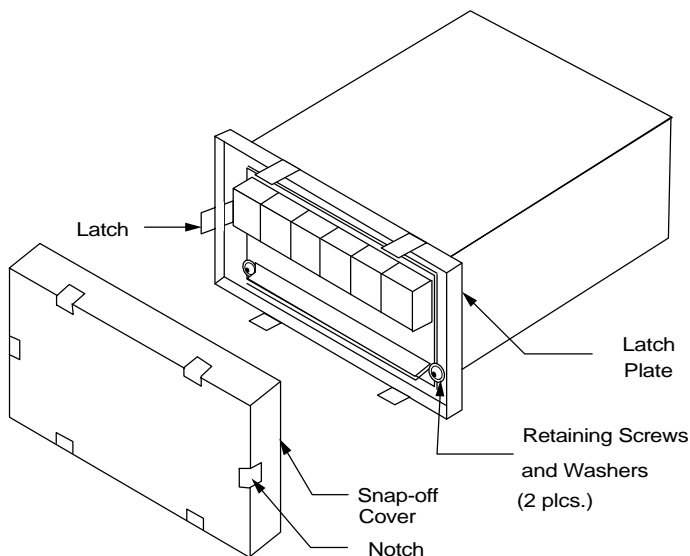


Figure 21. Front Cover Removal

The Options PCB is connected to the meter by a flexible cable which is permanently attached to the Options PCB. Place the Main PCB and the Options PCB side by side, with the Main PCB (display facing forward) on the left, and with the Options PCB (with its flexible cable next to the Main PCB) on the right. Plug the flexible cable from the Options PCB into the socket on the Main PCB.

To avoid electric shock, re-install the circuit boards in the case prior to applying power. All programming and calibrating can be performed with the circuit boards installed in the case.

To re-install the meter in its case, fold the option board over the meter, grasp both boards so the meter is on the bottom and the two PCBs are separated by about an inch. Insert the two boards together into the case. Be sure both the top and bottom boards engage the rails which hold them in place. Do not press on the meter Display PCB when seating the assembly in the case.

Install washers and retaining screws in 4 corners of meter and install front cover.

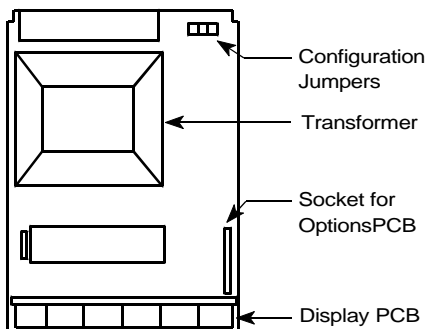


Figure 22. Option Card Installation

PROGRAMMED PARAMETER SETTINGS

The following table shows the factory setting for most of the programmable parameters on the meter. Next to the factory setting, record the new setting for the particular application.

Model: _____ S/N: _____ Date: _____

Parameter	Display	Factory Setting	User Setting
Input range	SEL 20	4-20 mA	
Calibration mode	SCALE (I-Cal)	Internal calibration	
Type of signal	LInEAr	Linear input	
Process/rate decimal point		299.99	
Number of points	2 PtS	2 Points	
Input 1	InPt 1	Apply 4 mA	
Display 1		0.00	
Input 2	InPt 2	Apply 20 mA	
Display 2		100.00	
Cutoff value	CutOFF	-199.99	
Time base	SEC	Second	
Total conv. factor	tot CF	1.000	
Total dec. point	tot dp	999999	
Set point setup	Set 1	Total	
	Set 2	Total	

Parameter	Display	Factory Setting	User Setting
	Set 3	Rate	
Latching relay	latCH	Non-latching	
	Set 4	Rate	
Latching relay	latCH	Non-latching	
Total reset mode	e rst	External total reset	
Set point	Set 1	1000	
	Set 2	4000	
	Set 3	70.00	
	(Reset 3)	60.00	
	Set 4	90.00	
	(Reset 4)	80.00	
4-20 mA out	(4 mA)	000.00	
	(20 mA)	100.00	
Display selection	dSPy r	Yes	
	dSPy t	Yes	
	rSEt t	Yes	
	dspy p	Yes	
	setpts	No	

User Multi-point Scaling Table

Parameter	Display	User Setting
Input 1	InPt 1	
Display 1	dspy 1	
Input 2	InPt 2	
Display 2	dspy 2	
Input 3	InPt 3	
Display 3	dspy 3	
Input 4	InPt 4	
Display 4	dspy 4	
Input 5	InPt 5	
Display 5	dspy 5	
Input 6	InPt 6	
Display 6	dspy 6	
Input 7	InPt 7	
Display 7	dspy 7	
Input 8	InPt 8	
Display 8	dspy 8	
Input 9	InPt 9	
Display 9	dspy 9	
Input 10	InPt 10	
Display 10	dspy 10	
Input 11	InPt 11	
Display 11	dspy 11	

User Set point Setup and Programming Table

Parameter	Display	User Setting
Set point 1	SET 1	
	latCH	
Set point 2	SET 2	
	latCH	
	OFFSEt	
Set point 3	SET 3	
	latCH	
	OFFSEt	
Set point 4	SET 4	
	latCH	
	OFFSEt	
Total reset mode	I or E	
Delay on release	delay	
Set point 1	Set 1	
Reset point 1	(Reset 1)	
Set point 2	Set 2	
Reset point 2	(Reset 2)	
Set point 3	Set 3	
Reset point 3	(Reset 3)	
Set point 4	Set 4	
Reset point 4	(Reset 4)	

MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

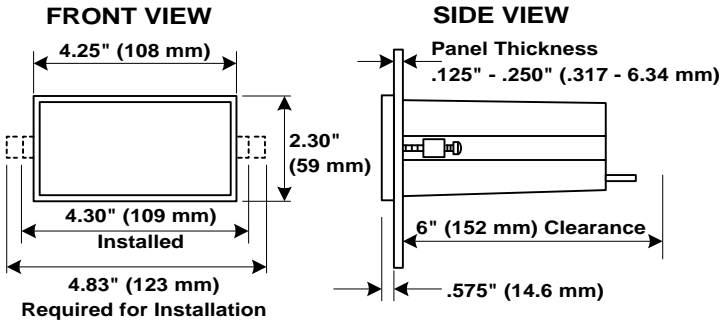


Figure 23. Mounting Dimensions

Notes:

1. Panel cutout required: 1.772" x 3.622" (45 mm x 92 mm) 1/8 DIN
2. Panel thickness: 0.125" - 0.250" (3.17 mm - 6.34 mm)
3. Allow 6 inches (152 mm) behind the panel
4. Approximate weight: 16 oz (454g); basic model, no options.

NOTES